

Mathematik-Aufgabenpool

> Flächenberechnungen

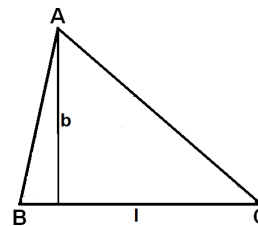
von geometrischen Figuren Ia

Einleitung: Dreieck, Trapez, Parallelogramm, Quadrat, Rechteck, Kreis usw. nennt man geometrische Figuren. Sie haben einen Flächeninhalt A, der mit Hilfe von Formeln berechnet und bestimmt werden kann. Dies gilt auch für aus Dreieck, Trapez, Parallelogramm, Quadrat, Rechteck, Kreis usw. zusammengesetzten geometrischen Figuren, die dazu entsprechend in Grundfiguren unterteilt werden. Für die Grundfiguren gilt die nachstehende Formelsammlung:

Formelsammlung (Flächeninhalt):

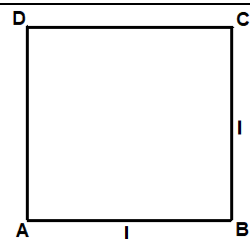
Dreieck

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot l \cdot b = \frac{lb}{2}$$



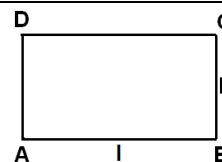
Quadrat

$$A = l^2$$



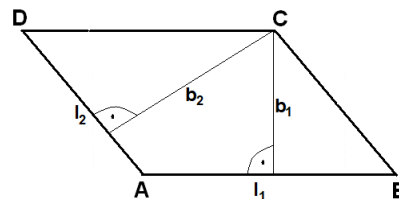
Rechteck

$$A = l \cdot b$$



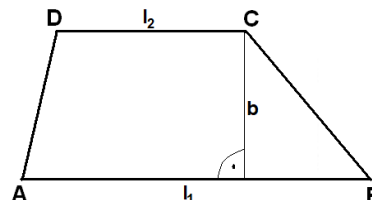
Parallelogramm

$$A = l_1 \cdot b_1 = l_2 \cdot b_2$$



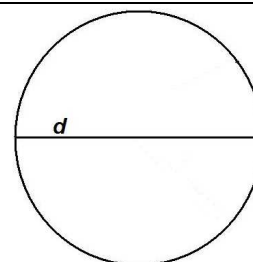
Trapez

$$A = \frac{l_1 + l_2}{2} \cdot b$$

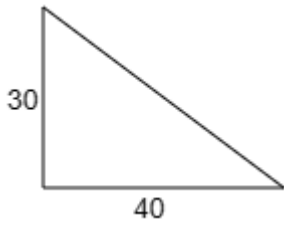


Kreis

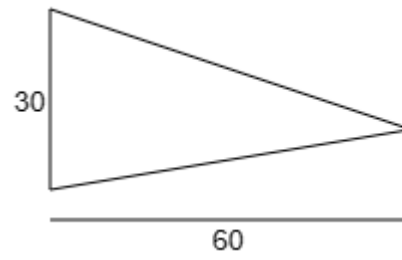
$$A = \frac{d^2}{4} \cdot \pi = \frac{1}{4} \cdot d^2 \cdot \pi$$



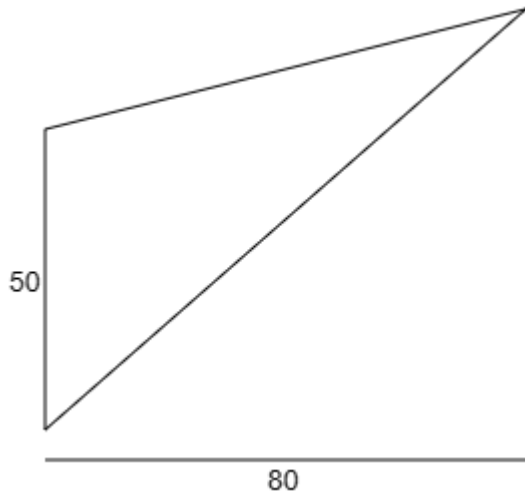
Aufgabe 1: Berechne den Flächeninhalt der nachstehenden einfachen geometrischen Figuren (A = Flächeninhalt, alle Längen in Millimetern, Ergebnis auch in Quadratzentimetern und Quadratmetern).



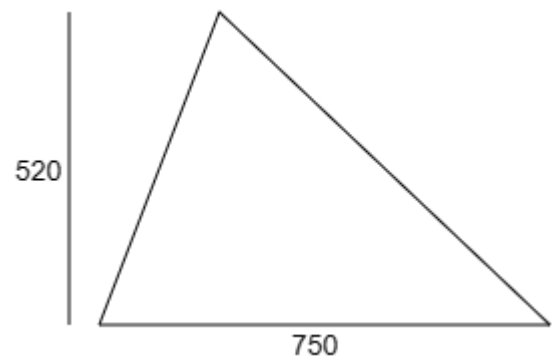
a)



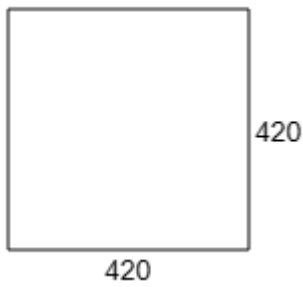
b)



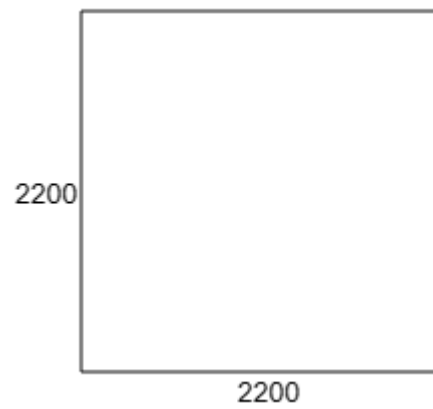
c)



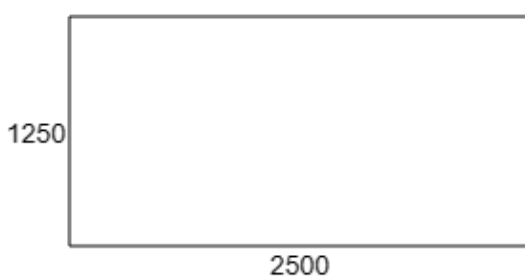
d)



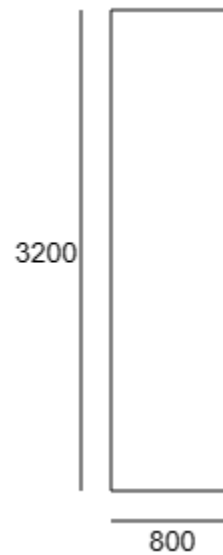
e)



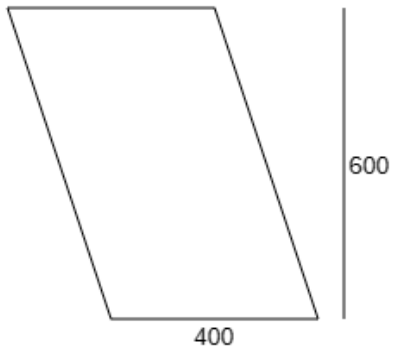
f)



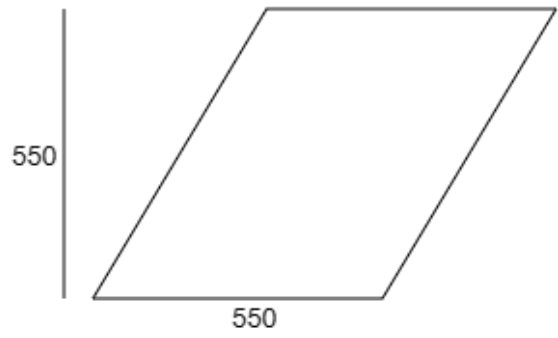
g)



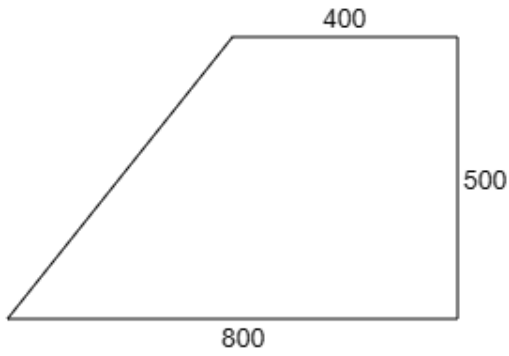
h)



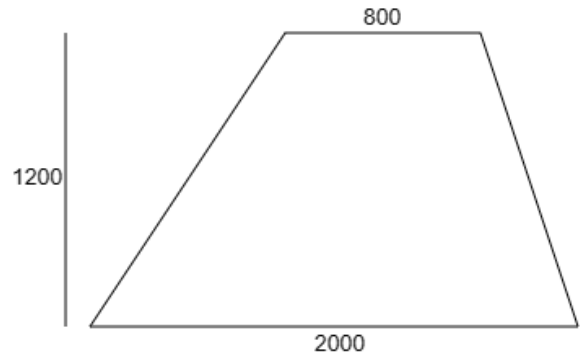
i)



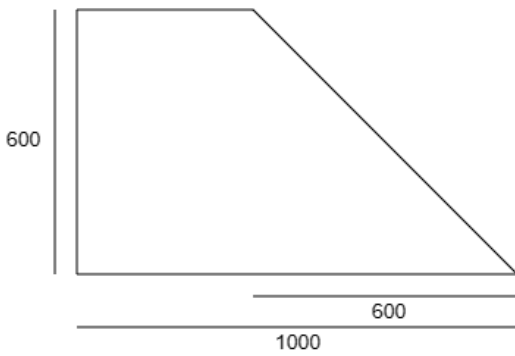
j)



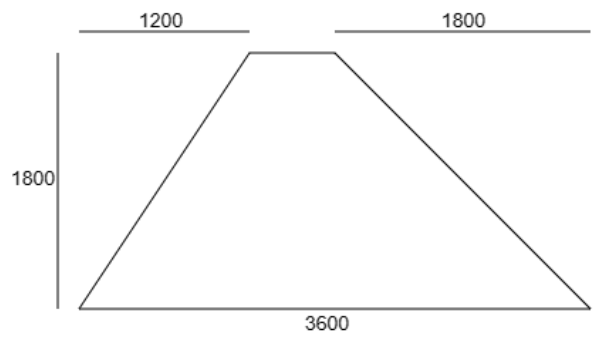
k)



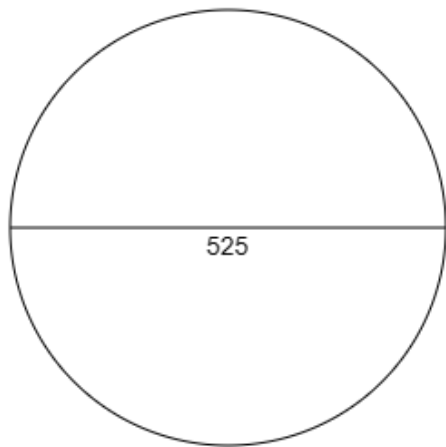
l)



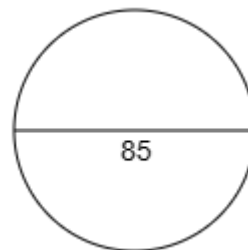
m)



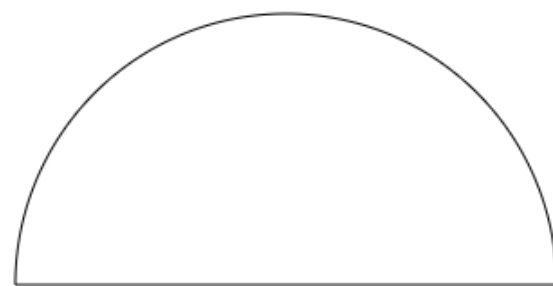
n)



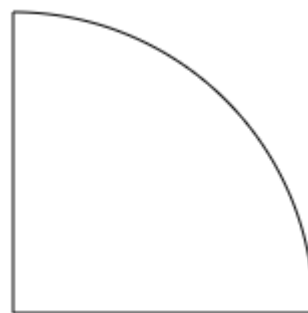
o)



p)



q)



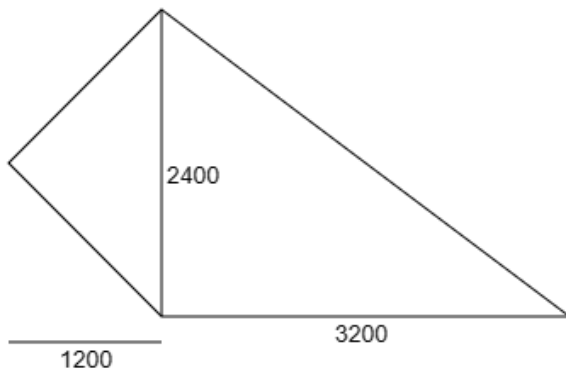
r)

Vorgehensweise: Zur Ermittlung des Flächeninhalts ist die obige Formelsammlung anzuwenden.

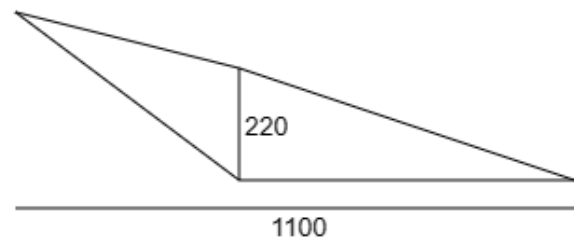
Lösungen:

Flächeninhalt A =	mm ²	cm ²	m ²
a)	600	6	0,0006
b)	900	9	0,0009
c)	2000	20	0,002
d)	195000	1950	0,195
e)	176400	1764	0,1764
f)	4840000	48400	4,84
g)	3125000	31250	3,125
h)	2560000	25600	2,56
i)	240000	2400	0,24
j)	302500	3025	0,3025
k)	300000	3000	0,3
l)	1680000	16800	1,68
m)	420000	4200	0,42
n)	3780000	37800	3,78
o)	216475,37	2164,7536	0,21647536
p)	5674,5	56,745	0,0056745
r) (Halbkreis)	3078760,8	30787,608	3,0787608
s) (Viertelkreis: d = 900 mm)	159043,13	1590,4313	0,15904313

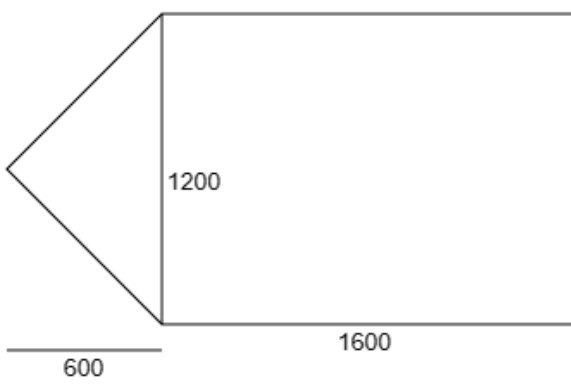
Aufgabe 2: Berechne den Flächeninhalt der nachstehenden zusammengesetzten geometrischen Figuren (A = Flächeninhalt, alle Längen in Millimetern, Ergebnis auch in Quadratcentimetern und Quadratmetern).



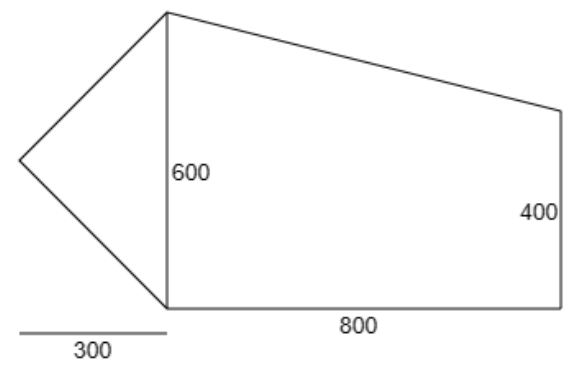
a)



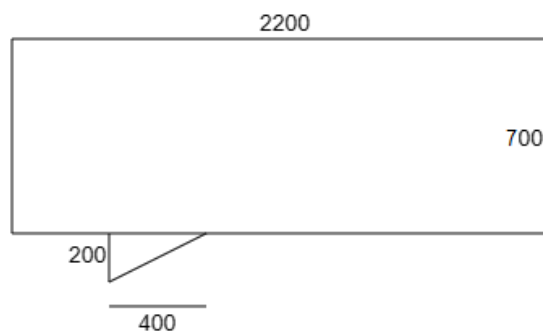
b)



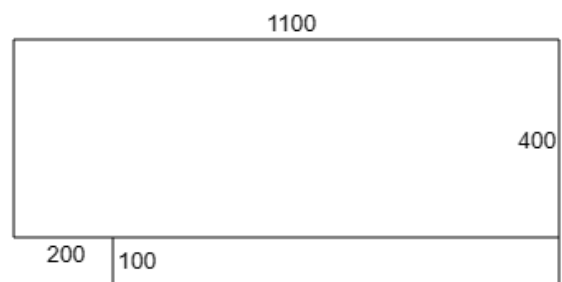
c)



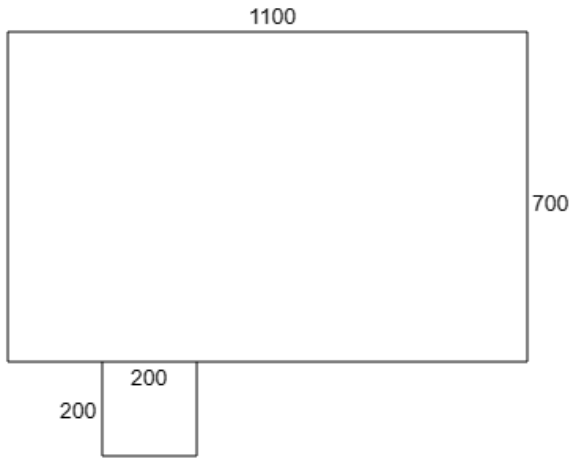
d)



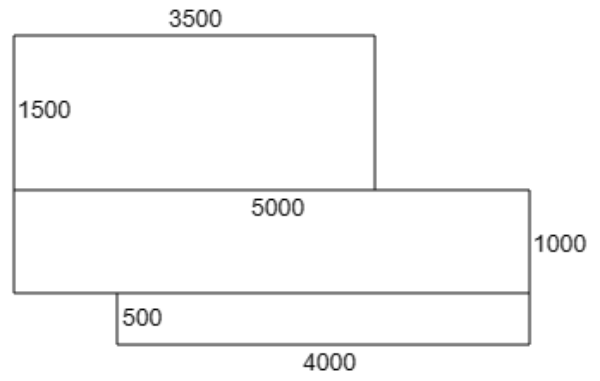
e)



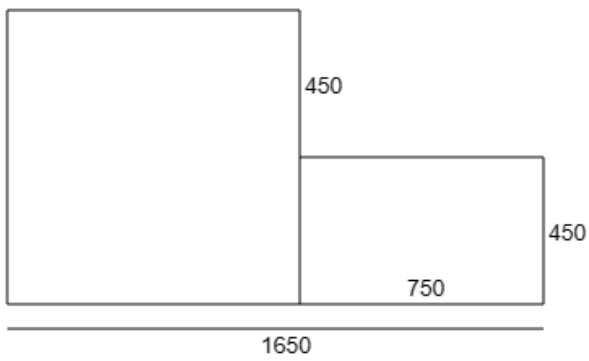
f)



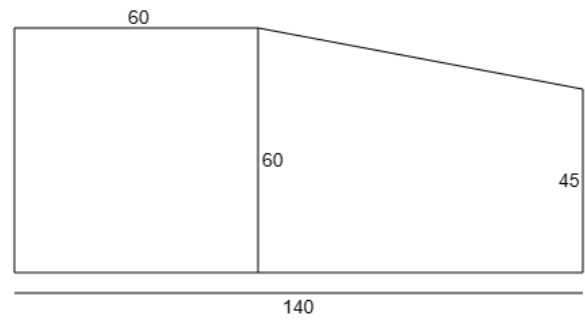
g)



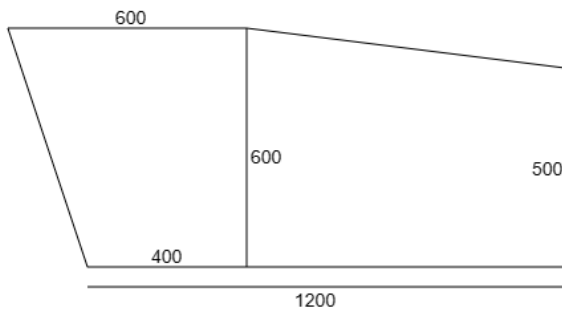
h)



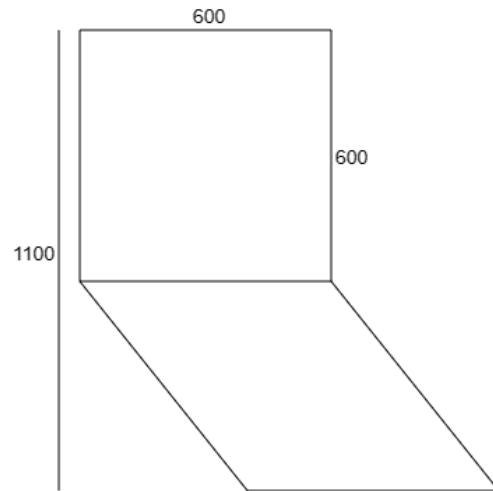
i)



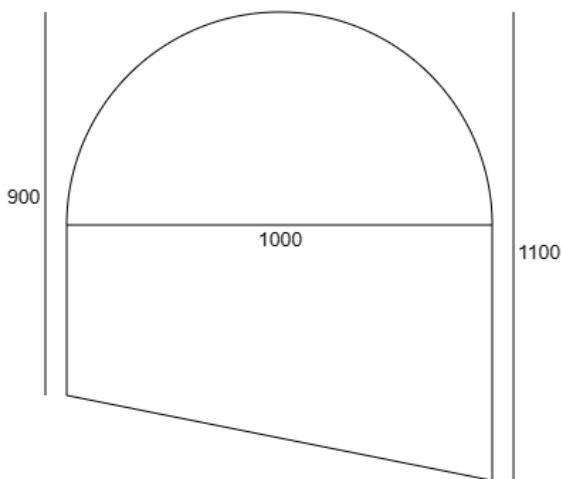
j)



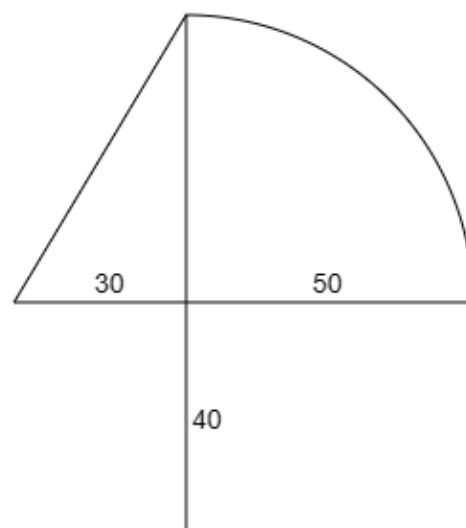
k)



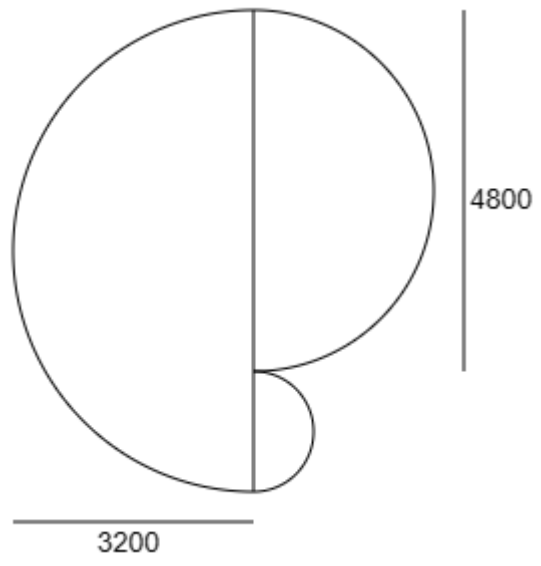
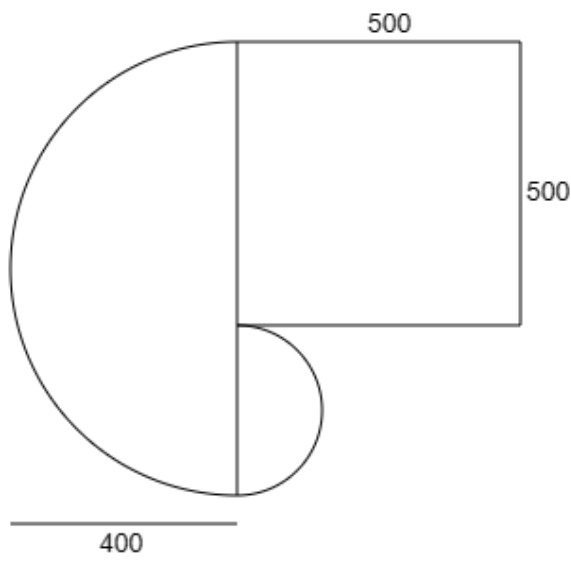
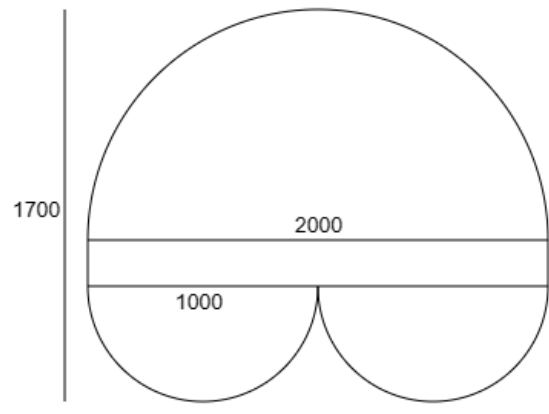
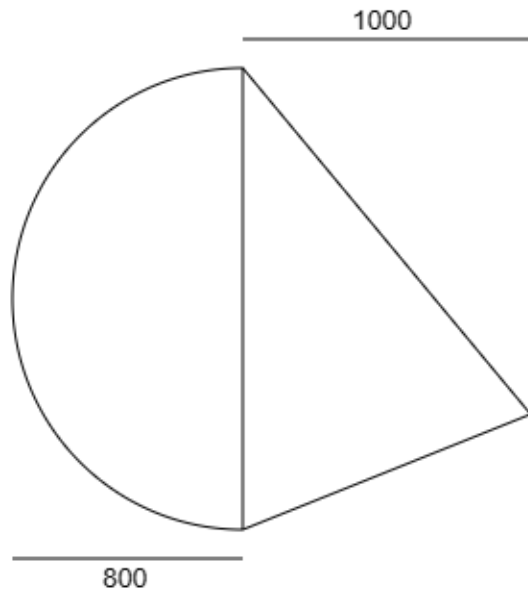
l)



m)



n)

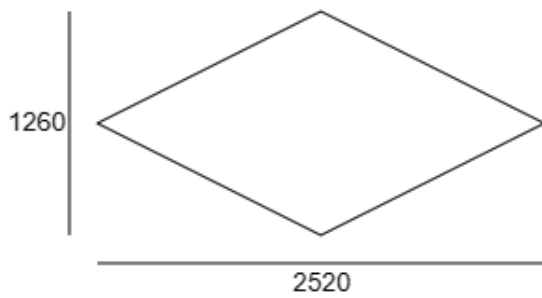


Vorgehensweise: Zur Ermittlung des Flächeninhalts ist für die Teilflächen die obige Formelsammlung anzuwenden, die Teilflächeninhalte sind zusammenzuaddieren.

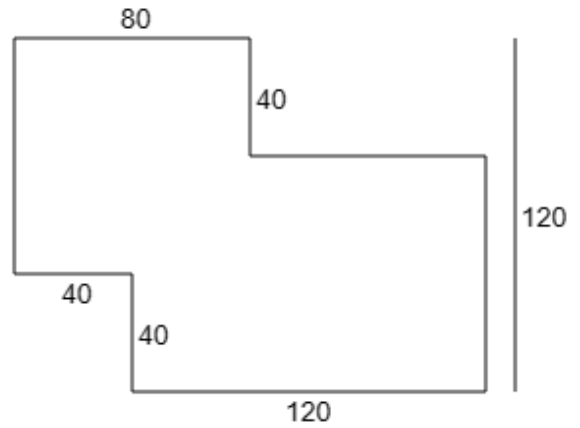
Lösungen:

Flächeninhalt A =	mm ²	cm ²	m ²
a)	5280000	52800	5,28
b)	121000	1210	0,121
c)	2280000	22800	2,28
d)	490000	4900	0,49
e)	1580000	15800	1,58
f)	530000	5300	0,53
g)	810000	8100	0,81
h)	12250000	122500	12,25
i)	1147500	11475	1,1475
j)	7800	78	0,0078
k)	740000	7400	0,74
l)	660000	6600	0,66
m)	1285398,16	12853,9816	1,28539816
n)	4713,5	47,135	0,0047135
o)	1805309,65	18053,0965	1,80530965
p)	2756194,5	27561,945	2,7561945
q)	536670,33	5366,7033	0,53667033
r)	26138050,88	261380,5088	26,13805088

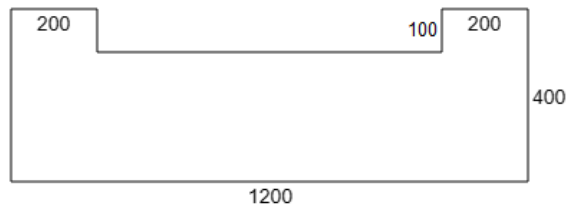
Aufgabe 3: Berechne den Flächeninhalt der nachstehenden zusammengesetzten geometrischen Figuren (A = Flächeninhalt, alle Längen in Millimetern, Ergebnis auch in Quadratcentimetern und Quadratmetern).



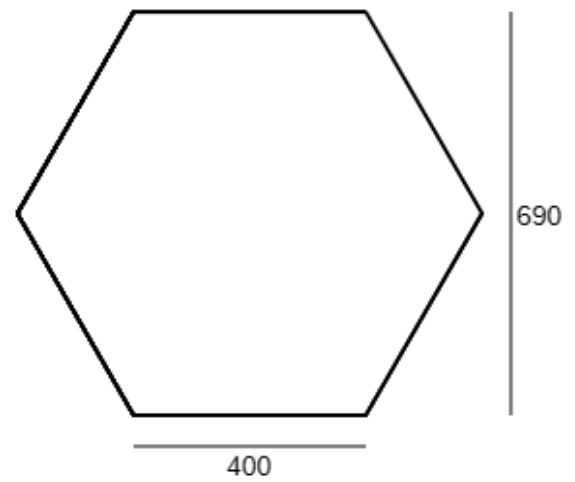
a)



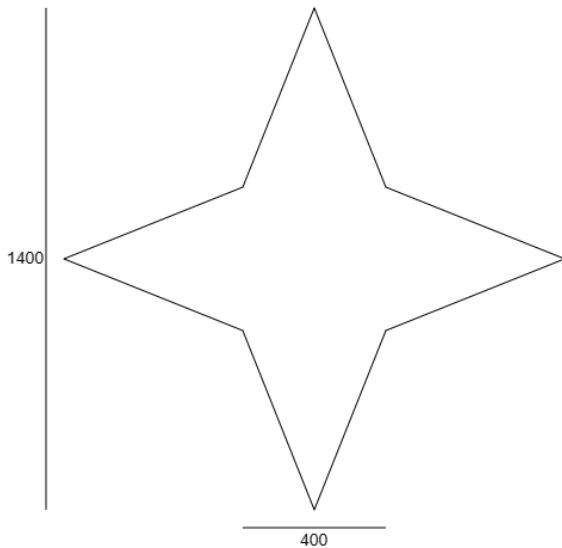
b)



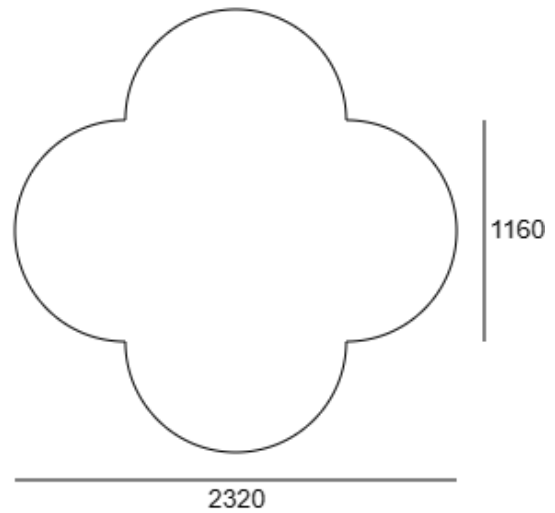
c)



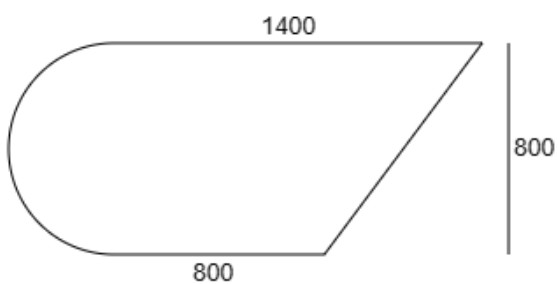
d)



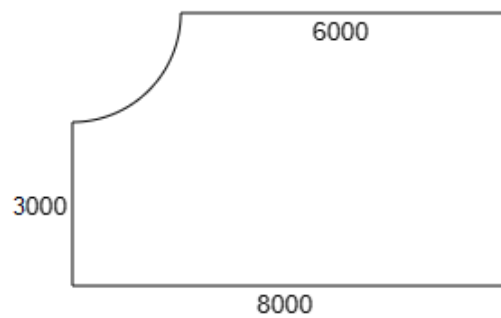
e)



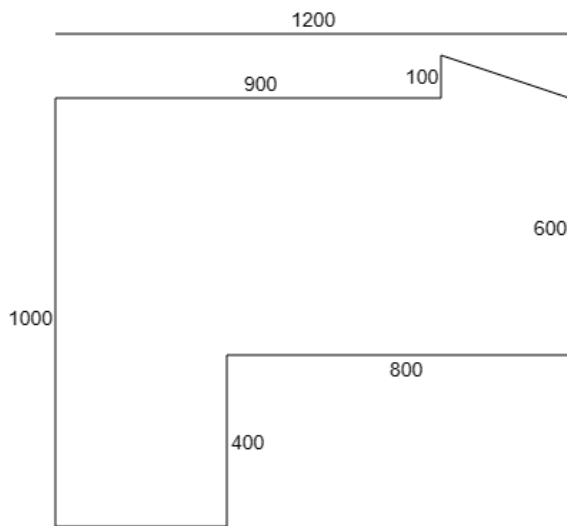
f)



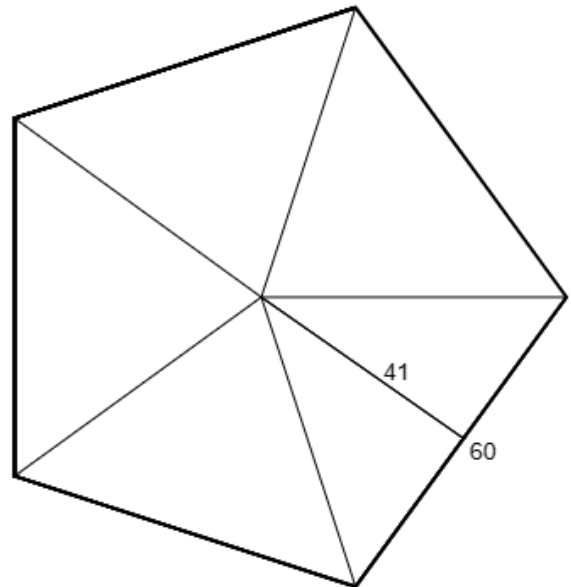
g)



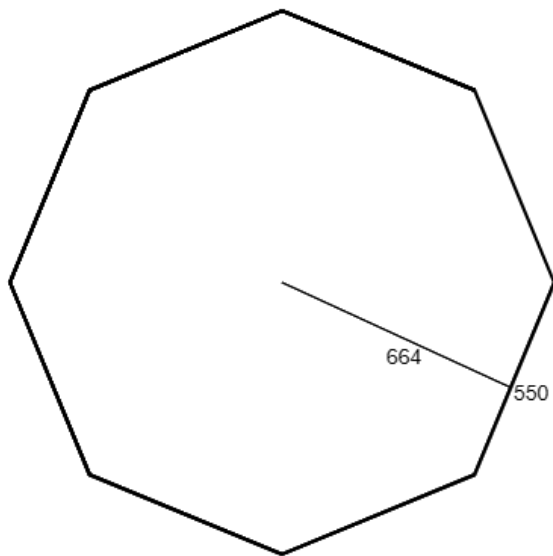
h)



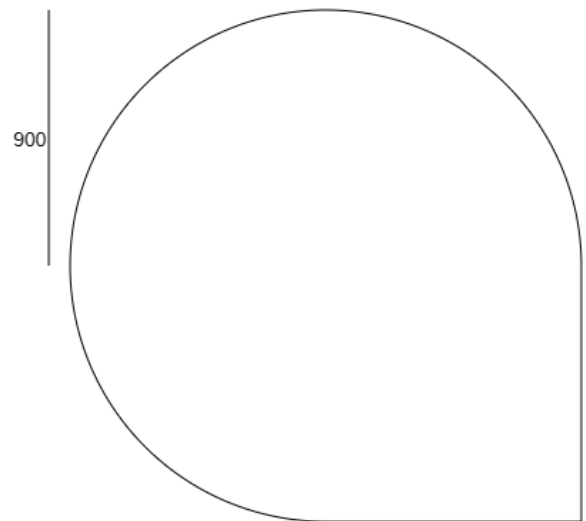
i)



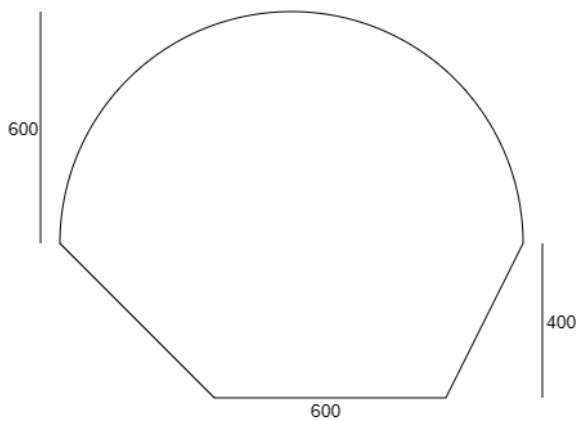
j)



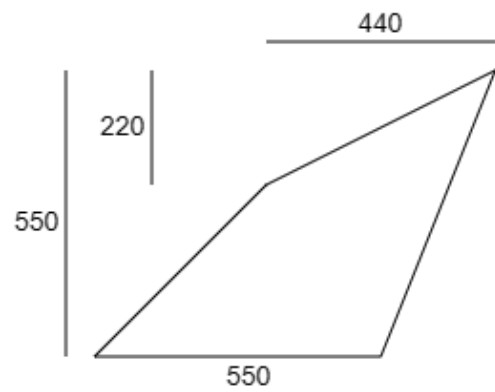
k)



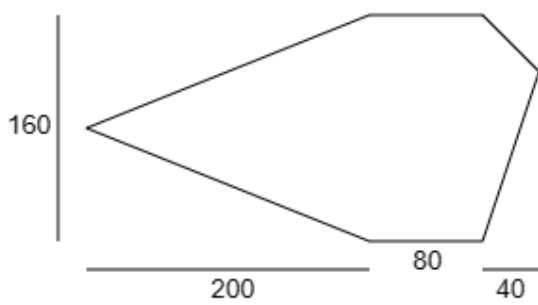
l)



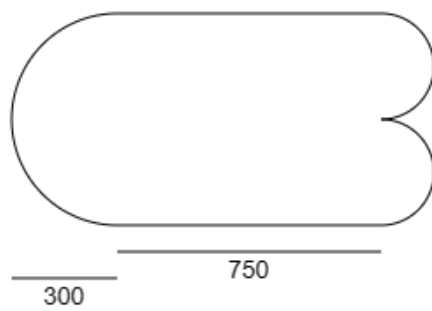
m)



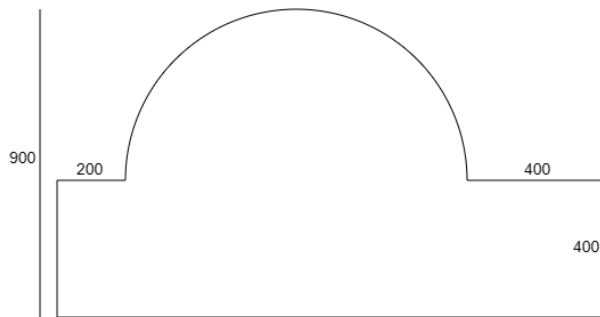
n)



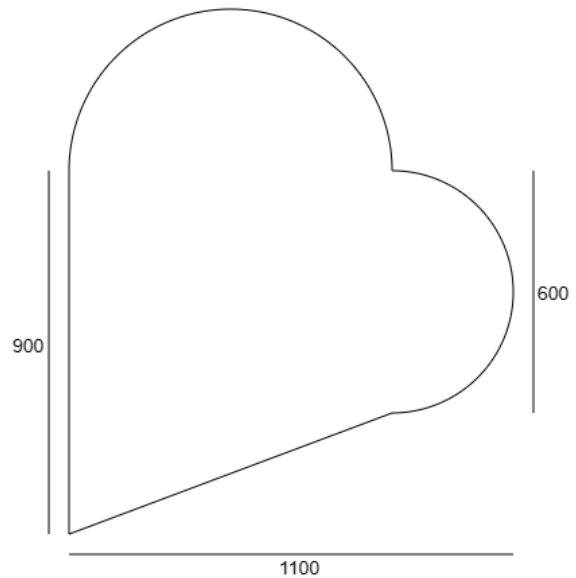
o)



p)



q)



r)

Vorgehensweise: Zur Ermittlung des Flächeninhalts ist für die Teilflächen die obige Formelsammlung anzuwenden, die Teilflächeninhalte sind zusammenzuaddieren, gegebenenfalls sind Flächeninhalte auch zu subtrahieren.

Lösungen:

Flächeninhalt A =	mm ²	cm ²	m ²
a)	1587600	15876	1,5876
b)	14400	144	0,0144
c)	400000	4000	0,4
d)	414000	4140	0,414
e)	560000	5600	0,56
f)	3459263,54	34592,6354	3,45926354
g)	1131327,41	11313,2741	1,13132741
h)	39214601,84	392146,0184	39,21460184
i)	895000	8950	0,895
j)	6150	61,5	0,00615
k)	1460800	14608	1,4608
l)	2718517,54	27185,1754	2,71851754
m)	925486,68	9254,8668	0,92548668
n)	211750	2117,5	0,21175
o)	32000	320	0,032
p)	662057,5	6620,575	0,6620575
q)	1032699,08	10326,9908	1,03269908
r)	992699,08	9926,9908	0,99269908